



# The Carbon Chronicle

VOLUME 22; NUMBER 27

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1943

52.00 A WEEK; 5¢ A COPY

## JUST CLEANINGS

### TIGHTEN SALE OF USED TIRES

OTTAWA—Effective immediately, used tires and tubes may be purchased only with a tire ration permit similar to that required for new tires, munitions minister Henry announced in a new rationing order designed to conserve dwindling stocks of unused tires as well as those now on the road. Under a previous order, used tires and tubes could be bought merely by filling out a certificate of necessity.

### PRICE CEILINGS FOR FRUIT

The Prices Board at Ottawa announced last week that peaches, pears and plums will be put under "definite" price ceilings when they come on the market and that steps will be taken to ensure that "some portion" of the crops is canned.

The Board said it also is considering controlling the price of apples and is planning during the periods of shorter supply in winter and spring to put a ceiling on storage root crops.

### KIT FOR MANUFACTURE OF "STOCK SWEEP" COSTS \$5.00

The extension service of the department of agriculture at Edmonton said last week that a labor saving device designed to ease farm help shortages in Alberta now is available to farmers. The time-saver is known as the "stock sweep" and an Edmonton firm is manufacturing kits of iron required for its construction.

Negotiations with Dominion government officials for release of the necessary iron for manufacture of the sweeps are complete and distribution of the device is being handled by the Alberta Government's Implements parts distributors with branches at Calgary, Red Deer, Lethbridge and Edmonton.

Mr. Putman, head of the extension service, said it would take a farmer or blacksmith about two days to put the stock sweep together from the kit.

Cost of the kit is \$5.

Pte. Jimmy Goddard arrived in Carbon last week, on furlough.

Buy More War Savings Certificates!

## FIRST HAIL STORM OF YEAR STRIKES NORTH OF CARBON

### Damage to Crops Has Been Estimated 50-100%

The first damaging hail storm of the year went through the north part of the Carbon district late Saturday afternoon and it is estimated that almost 10,000 acres of farm land was hailed from 50 to 100 percent.

The storm apparently followed the Three Hills Creek and Chyn, Thos. King, Jim King and the Anderson boys had about 50 percent damage, and probably more to the east. Goldenb. Craddock, Wm. Gibson, and others in this vicinity appear to be among those farmers hardest hit by the storm, and damage is estimated at 100 per cent, while further south and east the storm did some damage to crops at the Craddock, Garrett's and other farms in this part of the district.

A high wind accompanied the storm and the rain that followed helped alleviate the loss on the lighter hailed fields.

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### BARLEY CUTTING HAS STARTED

Harvesting of coarse grains is now commencing in the district and Ben Laing started cutting his barley last week. Others in the district expect to cut barley this week, and a good crop of this grain is in sight.

Some fields of green feed are also being cut.

It is not expected that wheat cutting will start before August 20th—depending on weather conditions.

### TO GRAVEL, HESKETH ROAD

The council of the Municipal District of Carbon has decided to spend \$500 of the municipal road grant on the road north and west of Carbon, known as the "Hesketh road," and we are informed that this money will be spent on graveling the road as far as finances permit.

Local gravel will be used and an endeavor is now being made to locate suitable gravel for the job.

## Cadets Return From Camp at Sylvan Lake

The Iricana Cadet Corps returned Saturday from Sylvan Lake where they were camped at the R.C.A.C. camp grounds for two weeks. The cadets were under the excellent management of Ralph W. Wright, with Sgt. Frank J. Pearce as instructor.

Eighty-five cadets enjoyed the fine trip. Forty-five were from the A.M.I., Calgary Cadet Corps. Among these was a fine military band, the "Cadets of the Calgary Cadet Corps." They were Cadets Jack Macdonald, Donald Gahlehouse, Jack Macdonald, Leon Embree, David Joubert, L.Cpl. Bell, and Capt. Ray Young.

The boys were quartered in regular army tents and the food was prepared by members of the C.W.A.C. from Sarcee.

Sergeant Major Pete Petruschuk of Calgary; Sergeant Major Ray Brown; Lieut. Harold Anderson; Lieut. Neil McKay, all from the Iricana Corps, and the Officer Commanding, Captain Ray Young of Calgary.

A real taste of Army life was enjoyed by all the boys. The buglers sounded reveille, with breakfast at 8 a.m. Camp inspection was at 9:00 o'clock with the nearest tent receiving an award. The cadets went on parade at 9:30 for rifle drill and regular army training.

They all had a good swim before dinner, followed by a rest period. Parade, games, and swimming filled the afternoon, and the evenings were spent on recreation.

The regular army inspection was carried out by Capt. G.H. Ribben, met of M.D. No. 12, on the afternoon of July 28, followed by a campfire in the evening which was attended by guests and parents of the cadets.

### THREE BUSHELS PER ACRE IS INITIAL WHEAT QUOTA

Trade Minister Mackinnon quoted last week end that the Canadian Wheat Board had set initial wheat quotas for the 1943-44 crop year at three bushels per authorized acre. The initial three-bushel quota was established for 1942-43.

Under these quotas would apply at stations where there was sufficient space to complete delivery of the final 1942-43 quota.

Mr. Mackinnon said the initial quotas were lower than last year because of the present congestion in country elevators, and noted that the government was making arrangements to help elevator companies utilize farm-stored wheat delivered under the 1943-44 quotas.

### \$249 IN WAR SAVINGS STAMPS SOLD IN CARBON IN JULY

The "Stamp-Out the U-Boat" campaign for the sale of War Savings Stamps was completed last Saturday when the Misses Betty Woods and Christine Harvey sold \$249 worth of stamps.

Carbon was given a quota of \$150 in this campaign, and this sum was reached some time ago. Altogether for the month of July \$249 in War Savings Stamps was taken in during the campaign.

### LONG YEARS AGO

August 4, 1932

The Carbon Chronicle issued its first special edition of the paper on August 4, 1932.

Many wheat crops in the district are standing over five feet in height and all headed out. Grain is filling well and should run around 50 bushels to the acre.

Carbon has a population of 650 people, and there were five operating coal mines here in 1932.

Roy Wacker, Pool elevator agent at Carbon for a number of years, was transferred to Swallow.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fuller had returned the week previous from their honeymoon trip to the north country.

### COLONEL AND PRINCESS ELIZABETH INSPECTS OWN REGIMENT



The Princess Elizabeth, who is Colonel of the Grenadier Guards, paid a visit to an armoured battalion of her regiment in Southern Command. She made a full inspection and stood alone

### EVANGELISTIC MEETINGS HERE ARE A SUCCESS

The evangelistic meetings held in the Prudential Baptist Church by Rev. R.E. Williams of Vancouver, are meeting with success and large gatherings have been in attendance. The meetings will continue each evening at 7:45 until Sunday evening.

Sunday morning service will be held at the Zion church from 10:00 to 12:00 o'clock.

The closing service in the campaign will be held in the Prudential church on Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. R.E. Williams will be the speaker. Everybody welcome.

## LITTLE ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Miss Lorraine Downey of the Olds staff of the Bank of Montreal, spent a few days in Carbon last week.

Mrs. Elliott, Charlie and Stewart Tighe, and Mrs. Craddock were Carstairs visitors last Wednesday.

Tickets for the seven-room house being raffled off in Calgary for the distressed people of Greece, are on sale in Carbon by Mrs. MacGowan.

Mrs. Bert Craddock recently underwent an appendicectomy in a Calgary hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. P.J. Benant and Mr. and Mrs. W. Poon left Tuesday for a two weeks' vacation in B.C.

Members of the local Cadet Corps attending camp at Sylvan Lake, returned to Carbon Saturday and report a good time.

The local Bank of Montreal building recently received a fresh coat of paint. J.C. Reed did the work.

Word was received Sunday of the death of Lillian Anderson, Flying Officer of the R.C.A.F. Lillian was married to a former Carbon girl (Lillian Matton) who has been residing at Abbotsford, B.C.

Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Sells and family arrived Sunday from Medicine Hat and are holidaying in town at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C.H. Nash.

J.C. Reed is busy this week doing the stucco work on the Kappes house next to the Fred Zeigler residence.

Miss Sally Schaefer has returned for her vacation and is again on the job at the Farmers' Exchange.

Shirley Parker left Tuesday for her home at Okotoks after visiting in Carbon with relatives for the past two weeks.

Mrs. Skerry left Monday and expects to be away for a month or so visiting friends at Calgary and Turner Valley.

The cave in on the creek bed at the mine property west of town was finally filled in last week and the creek has been restored to its regular channel.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Martin and family who have been holidaying at Banff, returned home this week.

Stewart Tighe, who has been visiting in town with his sister, Mrs. M. J. Elliott, has returned to his home in Victoria.

## ALBERTA FARM FOR VICTORY PROGRAM TO OPERATE HERE

Jas Gordon is Chairman; John Atkinson, Secretary

Mr. Fraser Carmichael, district agriculturalist of Drumheller, was in charge of the meeting held in Carbon on Thursday evening, July 29, when the men from the district were present to hear his views on the Alberta Farm For Victory Programme.

W.D. Macdonald of Granger is the zone representative for this particular district, and the following committee was named:

D. Woodland, Swallow; Leo Brown, Hesketh; W. White, Carbon. Jas. Gordon is chairman of the local committee and John Atkinson Sr. is the secretary.

An invitation has been given to the Wheat Pool agents at Carbon and adjacent points to act as contact men for the farmers in securing harvest help, and this information is to be turned over to Mr. S.F. Torrance to relay to the District Agriculturalist.

The Alberta Farm For Victory programme has been launched by the Provincial government in an endeavor to provide an increase in yearly production, particularly of farm products, and it has a seven-point aim. Further details will appear in a later edition of this paper.

## CARBON AND DISTRICT NEWS NOTES

Pte. K.E. Fraser arrived home Saturday from Medicine Hat and is visiting in the Hesketh district with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fraser.

Chris Martin returned Friday from Redlands where he was visiting with his son, Gus Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. S.J. Garrett and family left last Thursday and will holiday for a couple of weeks at Banff and Calgary.

It was reported last week that Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ross had returned from a holiday at Banff. Mr. and Mrs. Ross spent their holidays at Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Martin and family left Monday for their home at New-castle after spending a few days in Carbon. Ed recently had an appendicectomy operation and does not expect to return to work at the mine for another week or so.

Mrs. E.M. Ritchie returned Friday from Calgary where she attended Central school, she has been in charge of the grading at Central Egg Grading Station.

—FOR SALE—3-roomed house in Carbon, apply to Ed Martin, Newcastle, Alta.

Mrs. Ritchie of Central Egg Grading Station has announced that she is paying Calgary prices for eggs, and these prices will appear each week in The Chronicle. See ad, on back page for this and future issues.

## Binder Canvas Repairs

Heavy Canvas Webbing—1 1/2 ins. wide, per yd. 15c  
1 1/4 ins. wide, per yd. 16c; 2 ins. wide, per yd. 25c  
Canvas—3 ins. wide, per yd. 15c; 4 ins. wide, per yd. 20c; 5 ins. wide, per yd. 25c.  
10-OZ. DUCK, 29 ins. wide, per yard . . . . . 50c

ALSO STAPLES, RIVETS, ETC.

## BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE  
WM. F. ROSS, Manager  
PHONE 5, CARBON, ALTA.

## ORDER FARM IMPLEMENT REPAIRS GET THEM BEFORE HARVEST STARTS

Because of the rationing of metals it might be impossible to get repairs later on. So avoid costly delays and order now. It may be months before some parts come through from the factory.

## GARRETT MOTORS

Phone: 31 S.J. Garrett, Prop. Carbon

## FOR SUMMER WEAR

WOMEN'S SLACKS AND SLACK SUITS  
LADIES' BLOUSES — SKIRTS  
SOME NEW ARRIVALS IN LADIES' SILK AND HOUSE DRESSES

A COMPLETE STOCK OF  
MEN'S WORK SHOES — GLOVES — SHIRTS  
UNDERWEAR — OVERALLS — PANTS

## THE CARBON TRADING COMPANY

I. Guttman, Prop. :: Carbon, Alberta

## GET READY FOR THE FALL WORK

WE HAVE IN STOCK:  
BINDER CANVAS — BINDER RIVETS  
CANVAS STAPLES — FORK HANDLES  
FILES — ACID CORE SOLDER  
TRACTOR PAIRS AND FUNNELS  
NOW IS THE TIME TO PUT YOUR FARM MACHINERY IN SHAPE

## YOU'LL DO BETTER AT THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE RED AND WHITE STORE

All any man wants his wife to be is a sweetheart, a valet, a chef and an audience and a trained nurse.

WAMPOLE'S GRAPE SALTS, 50c & 1.00  
The Morning Refreshment For Your Daily Good Health  
Acts as a gentle laxative and stimulates the liver

JOHNSON'S BABY POWDER  
Keeps the Skin Cool and Sweet—Two sizes, . . . . . 25c & 50c  
Johnson's Baby Cream . . . . . 55c; Johnson's Baby Soap . . . . . 15c

## MCKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.P. MCKIBBIN, Pharm. R. Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.



# British Minesweepers Have Accomplished Valuable Work In Keeping Open The Seas

By "Ranger" Under  
His message of congratulation to Admiral of the Fleet Sir Andrew Cunningham, Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean, Mr. Churchill, the Prime Minister, said: "To the minesweepers fell the honour of reopening the Mediterranean by clearing the channels, 600 miles long, between May 9 and 21. . . I request you to offer my thanks and compliments to all officers and men of the naval forces under your command for the notable contribution they have made to the memorable Allied victory."

The work of the minesweepers is among the most dangerous undertaken by the Royal Navy.

It is monotonous work, too. The sweepers plod ceaselessly and systematically up and down their allotted areas of the sea way, whatever the weather, so that the people of Great Britain will get their food, their fuel and munitions of war.

Most of these minesweepers were fishing trawlers in peace-time and the men who man these ships are a tough breed who have built up for themselves a tradition of dogged endurance and great courage. The crews must not only have courage, but also integrity and precise navigation to ensure the safety of the ships that follow in the wake of the minesweepers.

Minesweepers do not only have to clear British waters of mines. They have to do duty wherever the Royal Navy operates—in the Mediterranean, off the coasts of Africa, Australia, New Zealand, in the Indian Ocean, and off the coast of Arctic Waters has become increasingly important.

There is none of the excitement of battle for the minesweeping crews, yet they must be constantly alert in case the enemy take them unaware, especially from the air. There is always the danger of an air attack, and the slightest error of judgment on the part of a minesweeper could expose a ship and sink all on board her.

The minesweepers are ready at all times to fight enemy aircraft, submarines, and E-boats, and though they are classed as minor vessels, they have saved many ships and exposed a ship and sink all on board her.

Specially from the air, and they brought down in the evacuation of our troops from the beaches of Dunkirk and at St. Nazaire.

Since the outbreak of war more than 100 minesweepers have been lost, but others have filled the gaps, and month by month the service is expanding in ships and men.

Every month new ships go from the yards to join those which have been sweeping since the war began, and the Fleet sweepers, trawlers, paddle steamers, motor sweepers, whalers and drifters have been engaged on continuous sweeps in all the channels used by shipping.

The value of the minesweeping service is incalculable. A mine found and detonated may mean a ship saved. And a minefield cleared is a battle won.

Nearly 30,000 men are engaged in the minesweeping service, and most of the Commanding Officers were the skipper of fishing trawlers before the war. They are assisted mainly by young officers of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, while the crews, for the most part, consist of men who before the war, had never been to sea.

There is a toll which has been great work in the Mediterranean. H.M.S. Speedy, H.M.S. Hythe, H.M.S. Hibo and H.M.S. Rye helped to clear the mines around Malta to allow the first convoy to get through, and since then there has been no complete interruption between the score of the first century of mines. To the Rye in the lead at the moment, but the other three are not far behind and the race is still on.

No wonder they are called the "champions of the sea," for they are known by few outside their own calling and they have a spirit and tradition all their own.

A MOTHER'S PRAYER  
I cannot go with him across the ocean,  
Though for his sake I'd cross a thousand seas;  
I cannot shield him from war's dreadful dangers,  
Nor can I for him say burdens cease.

I cannot go with him into the death's dale;  
Though in his stead a thousand I cannot be beside him should he need me;  
Or should he call I cannot hear his cry.

But Thou, dear Lord of all the earth and heaven,  
Whose sovereign power in every place holds sway—  
I can commit him to Thy gracious keeping—  
This son of mine—and this I do today.—Corra Baker Hall.

## In North Africa

Many Difficulties Have Been Coped With By The Administration

A modern mechanized army depends for its existence on petrol and lubricants. In North Africa 60 per cent of the foodweight of supplies has been under that head. To spare the roads and railways two pipe-lines have been built, one 51 miles long and the other 64 miles, both of a capacity of 700 tons daily. The French army rendered great help in this, early days by putting its petrol service at the Allies' disposal and handing over to the common stock of all the reserves which had been secreted away in defiance of the armistice commission. This represented an important quantity of petrol and supplies.

Since the campaign ended new worries are harassing the administration. First is the dispatch of necessities to the positions of Tunisia and Bizerte. Second, and more serious, is the feeding and removal to a safe haven of the civilian population. A kindred task is the clearing of the battlefield, the sorting and classifying of captured material, and the disposal of the surplus of what can be repaired. The medical and surgical achievements of the campaign are a separate matter. Suffice it to say here that 12,000 cases have been moved by air, eight of which were of special urgency to the United States, and that the rate of sickness and of death from wounds was kept remarkably low—London Times.

## Is Offered Again

But Old German Trick Not Likely To Work This Time

The next government has gone to great pains to "prove" in a White Book that the British, not the Germans, began bombing civilian populations in this war. The British, not the Germans, according to this White Book, began bombing civilian populations in this war. The British, not the Germans, according to this White Book, began bombing civilian populations in this war.

The White Book further informs us that Warsaw and Rotterdam were bombed only because "the enemy had converted them into veritable fortresses." No explanation is made of why the "veritable fortresses" of Rotterdam, London, and a single fighter plane or a single anti-aircraft gun—was bombed, with something like 80,000 casualties, after it had formally surrendered.

Americans now will brush aside the next White Book with impatient scorn—and ask: Why bother with refuting it? Inevitably one's mind turns back to the period of synthetic "disinformation" followed World War I—the period when Americans believed all manner of fantastic German lies about what the British and other Allies had done during and after that war. Apparently the Germans already are preparing literature for our next postwar period—and apparently they think Americans will be just as gullible this time as they were last time.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

## Full Of Meaning

Lord Bennett Tells A Joke About The Crisis In 1940

Lord Bennett tells a story of the crisis summer of 1940 which in its own way is a classic—at once meaningless and full of meaning. The dialogue was between an American with a cigar and an Englishman with a pipe.

The American—It looks as if you're in a tough spot.  
The Englishman—Oh, yes. But you know we always win the last battle.

The American—But suppose this time you lose the last battle?  
The Englishman—Then it wouldn't be the last battle.

## When The King Visited



His Majesty looks a bit embarrassed as this young Maltese girl presents him with a bouquet of flowers during his recent visit to Malta. The British island fortress from which much of the air action in the invasion of Sicily is emanating.

## Weaves Her Own

Yorkshire Woman Never Has To Worry About Clothes Rationing  
There is at least one woman in Britain for whom shortage of clothing coupons holds no gloom. For she designs, weaves, spins and dyes her own cloth. The yarn she uses is the wool of her native Yorkshire sheep. The dyes she grows in her own garden, and her mother makes the cloth into garments for the family. This enterprising woman is Miss Olive Shackleton, of Yorkshire Hand-weaving is an old tradition in the Shackleton family, but it is only during the last two years that Miss Shackleton, a retired school-mistress, has taken it up seriously.

PREVENTS BANKRUPTCIES  
Under the Liable (War-time Adjustment) Act of 1941, a Liable Assistance Officer has been appointed in every city in Great Britain to offer advice and assistance to "any person who is in serious financial difficulties owing to war circumstances." This Act has prevented many bankruptcies.

The city of U. in Iraq, is the most ancient city in the world yet discovered.

## Movie Star

Douglas Montgomery Now In Canadian Army At Vernon, British Columbia

"One of the best-known of young English performers in the United States, Douglas Montgomery, producer and star of many a stage hit and the star of the moving picture version of "Little Man What Now" and other Hollywood productions, is a lance-corporal at the Canadian basic training centre at Vernon, B.C.

In addition to his instructional duties, the former actor is active in camp entertainment and a contributor of outstanding verse to the camp paper, "Rookie."

With the support of another young English actor, Corporal Gilchrist Stuart, who, like Montgomery, produced and will be one of the cast of "Rookie Lay Hooky," identified by Montgomery as "the poor man's Army Show."

Corporal Gilchrist, well-known to English theatre-goers, was active in Hollywood until he enlisted, appearing in many movies including "A Yank in the R.A.P."

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

# Designer Of Big Glider That Was Towed To Britain's Glad Flight Was Planned In Canada

"THE whole flight was planned in Canada. It was a remarkable achievement," said Franklin Dobson, former R.C. Air Force pilot and designer of the glider which was towed across the Atlantic from Montreal to England. Mr. Dobson is the 34-year-old son of Dr. and Mrs. Perry S. Dobson, 21, Thoms. His father is principal of Alma College. Franklin Dobson is now employed at the Waco airplane plant at Troy, Ohio.

## Crime Prevention

Social Program Necessary For Boys And Girls Of America

"An expanded social program to provide wholesome substitutive outlets for girls and boys is indispensable to the halting and reduction of the growing vice problem," according to a special crime prevention committee of the American Prison Association. The committee, composed of distinguished criminologists, began a five-year study in 1941, and has made a first report. This report has been summarized in the current issue of The Prison World.

In considering crime prevention in wartime, the committee found that social disorganization and basic insecurity were being expressed in a wide variety of behavior patterns, many of them of a delinquent nature.

The committee recommended that Community Chest funds be made available for maintenance and expansion of crime prevention agencies and projects; that, to maintain morale and the integrity of the nation's teachers, recreational workers and others needed to maintain morale on the home front be deferred as long as possible.

The same recommendation was made with regard to married men with young children. "Because of the importance of conserving the integrity of the family as a basic child-rearing institution," the committee would be increased participation by youth in industrial production, it was considered necessary that public child protective agencies or labor unions and bureau should guard the conditions of employment of youth and aid in the planning of their economic future.

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The British Government has taken 550,000 tons of rollings and 400,000 tons have already been converted into bombs, tanks, ships, etc.

THE Flatville village of Mold, Wales, has renamed its main street "Orr Cyrd T'Wfed"—Welsh for "From the Cradle to the Grave." It starts with a hospital and ends with a cemetery but it has almost everything in between including a dance hall.

They are also putting motors on some gliders now. We have a great many gliders available and they are lots of opportunities to experiment with them. These motors are not just supplementary; the glider can take off and fly on its own power with motors on each wing. They can be used for short distances to carry back and forth a large amount of supplies.

Giders are better than planes for carrying cargo as they are designed for that purpose. The plant where he is employed was in competition with six other U.S. companies. They all started with a nine-place type of glider and are now building a 15-place type. He said this means that these gliders, now being turned out in great numbers, can carry 15 men or their equivalent in weight.

HARD ON BRITAIN'S TREASURY  
Construction costs to Britain's Treasury of aircraft and facilities for the U.S. air force alone already amount to over \$500,000,000; maintenance and repair, at a rate of tens of millions a year. In addition, the British Government has been paying out nearly \$250,000,000 in subsidies to civilians directly employed by the U.S. forces.

LIKELY MORE CAREFUL  
British Ministry of Information women "smugglers" who tour the country listening to the grumbles of housewives on wartime difficulties, have discovered that in many difficult cases home crockery breakages have been reduced by 90 per cent as soon as the housewife had to do without domestic help.

SLAIN BY PATRIOTS  
The Belgian news agency reported that a Nazi sympathizer named La Nothe, said to be head of the Belgian Nazi youth organization in Limburg, province, had been slain by Belgian patriots.

In Ceylon there are 324 rural schools where, besides the ordinary school subjects, the children are taught practical agriculture, house-building and carpentry.





WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

Planters of the island of Taveuni in the British Fiji group are rounding up the island's 2,600 wild cattle for food supplies.

Sir Alexander Hardinge, 46, private secretary to the King, has resigned because of ill health. He will be succeeded by Sir Alan Lancelles.

Transport Minister Michoud said in the House of Commons that more than 4,000,000 pounds of hawthorn was released to the United Kingdom by Canada recently.

Maj-Gen. B. W. Browne, Director-General of Canada's Reserve Army, said in an interview that no compulsion is in the reserve force to enlist in the active army.

A Montreal street is to be named after General Henri Giraud, in honor of his visit. There is already a General Giraud street in Casablanca, Morocco, and in Dakar, French West Africa.

War Services Minister LaFleche told Commons that some two months ago \$250,000 was set aside to provide auxiliary services to accompany Canadians when they went on the offensive.

Fifty French citizens were executed in Paris in retaliation for the shooting of a German lieutenant, traced to information reaching this Swiss area from the former French capital revealed.

F. B. Davis, Jr., board chairman of the United States Rubber Company, predicted that by the end of 1944 American production of synthetic automobile passenger tires will have reached the rate of one every second.

## HOME SERVICE

DEVELOP YOUR OWN FASHION DRAWING



## Poor Penmanship

Heghish Handwriting Seems To Be Rule Rather Than Exception. The Huron Examiner, Searfish, says: The teaching of penmanship in either public or secondary schools would appear to have become particularly conspicuous by its absence, if one is to judge by results produced by the average boy or girl, when they put pen to paper either by way of correspondence or examination papers.

Of course penmanship is not as important as it once was, but it is still important enough to be taught, and still more important that school pupils be able to convey their thoughts on paper as intelligently and legibly on examination papers as by oral means.

At least that is the opinion of a high school teacher of English, who after his patience and persuasive powers had become exhausted, issued the following ultimatum to his pupils:

"Put holes in your e's and o's and do the i's somewhere near the right place, also make your n's different from your u's. Otherwise papers will not be accepted unless these five letters are treated fairly." And it worked.

If the average pupil was allowed to take his own way, as she writes, the result would be an unintelligible muddle. But while there seems to be, in schools, an attempt to prevent gross mistakes in grammar, there is evidently very little objection expressed to persistent carelessness in handwriting. In fact, one sometimes wonders if it was not looked upon as a distinction to have a style of handwriting that was next to impossible to read.

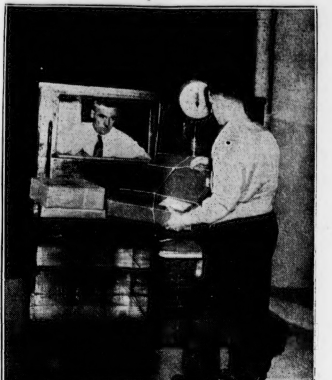
We are told that "as the twigs is so, so is the tree inclined. And there is more than a little truth in that statement. Enough at least to advise school pupils to wait until they are famous before they squish their signatures down into a scratch or scrawl, because by that time they will have gained enough sense and experience to understand how utterly foolish it is.

## TAKES OVER THEATRES

Berlin dispatches said Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels had taken over the operation of all German theatres from private operators because of dissatisfaction with the programs. The reports indicated he believed the programs were not attuned to the Nazi war effort.

In Lapland, Sweden, 32 per cent of the trees are more than 100 years old.

## Mobile Express Handler



"Waybill Cop", is the expressman's term for this mobile office designed for quick handling of small express packages at the Canadian National Central Station in Montreal. The "cop" mounted on wheels is quickly moved wherever wanted to check weights and provide shipping labels. The waybill clerk shown in the photograph is Jack Perry, and the scaleman is Philippe Robitaille.

## Worth The Effort

Salvaging Of Training Ship Gave Britain Tons Of Steel

A few years ago the naval training ship Caledonia, formerly the 16,000-ton Cunard White Star liner Majestic and still earlier the German liner Bismarck, sank in the Irish of Borth after an outbreak of fire. She was in deep water, but she was needed for the war, so the British salvage section of Steel Control went to work. Captain C. G. Bonner, Q-ship V.C. of the last war, was officer in charge of the salvage. The operation was one of the most successful ever achieved. Eighteen hundred tons, as well as hull openings, had to be sealed by divers before the ship was pumped dry. She came up at the first attempt. As a result, Britain gets 40,000 tons of steel from what was once the world's biggest ship.—Ottawa Citizen.

Scientists are about evenly divided on whether the moon's craters were formed by meteorites or volcanoes.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 1

## GOD DELIVERS HIS PEOPLE

Golden text: Call upon me in the day of trouble: I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me. Psalm 50:15.

Lesson: Exodus 5-12.

Devotional reading: Psalm 81:1-16.

## Explanations and Comments

The Struggle with Pharaoh, Exodus 5:1-21. Read Exodus 4:18 (where two weeks ago we left off our study of the Making of a Nation) to 4:31. The expressed Israelites heard the message brought to them by Moses and Aaron, believed that Jehovah had seen their affliction, and bowed their heads and worshiped. The next task awaiting these leaders was at the court of Pharaoh. When they went there and asked Pharaoh's permission for the Israelites to go into the wilderness and hold a feast to Jehovah, Pharaoh answered, "I know not Jehovah, and moreover I will not let Israel go," and then he charged Moses and Aaron with having made the people slacken their labors. "He saw that these men did not present him with a request, but with a mandate from One of greater authority than himself. This stung him to the quick. He also saw a God. Who was this other God, stronger than himself, who dared to issue such a summons?"

The result of the interview with Pharaoh was that he ordered their Egyptian taskmasters and Hebrew officers to require the Hebrews to gather their own straw for their brick making (which had hitherto been furnished them) and to make the same number of bricks daily despite this added labor. It was an impossible task, and the Hebrew officers set over the people by the taskmaster hastened for their failure to accomplish it.

These officers took the matter into their own hands and laid their case before Pharaoh, only to be told: "Ye are idle, ye are idle—therefore ye may let us go and sacrifice to perdition. Go therefore now and work; for there shall no straw be given you, yet shall ye deliver the number of bricks." On their return from this disheartening errand they met Moses and Aaron and bitterly charged them with bringing about this terrible additional affliction.

Moses in his Discouragement Turns to God, Exodus 5:22, 23. Moses' faith was severely tried. "He lay on the ground alone before God, wishing himself hardly used," and daringly he laid the blame for the tragic situation upon God. Why had God sent him hither, why had God dealt so ill with his people, why had God not delivered them from Pharaoh's power?

His Hebrews' Declarations and Promises, Exodus 6:1-7.

By means of cameras with electric controls and flash bulbs of 50,000,000 candle-power, R.A.F. Bomber Command makes photographs of damage being done in its night raids on enemy territory.

## Fine Marine Oil

Is Obtained From Seed Of Black Argentine Rape

A new crop to appear in Saskatchewan this year is Black Argentine rape, grown because of the fine marine oil that can be obtained from the seed. Five thousand pounds of rape seed is available this year. Down at 10 pounds per acre, it will result in approximately 500 acres of Black Argentine rape in Saskatchewan this year. Unlike sunflower seed, rape seed has been placed in the hands of experienced seed growers in the province. It will be grown largely in northern sections, according to officials of the Department of Agriculture.

Not one British warship has been sunk by an Italian surface vessel during the two and a half years since Italy entered the war. It is calculated that by March 1943, the Italian Fleet had lost 10 cruisers, 48 destroyers and a large number of other submarines.

## New Customers

Figures Show Why Merchants Should Keep On Advertising

"A new customer is born every 10.4 seconds. An old one dies every 21.6 seconds. Industry loses 1,400,000 old customers in a year and gains 3,020,000 new ones who know nothing of you or of your product."

That's what a top official of the War Production Board recently told fellow Americans, urging businessmen to place no dependence on the traditional way of doing business, of marketing, distributing and selling, urging them to seek for the new, to go on telling their story through advertising whether they had goods to sell or not.

For Canada his figures would be approximately these: A new Canadian customer is born every three minutes. An old customer dies every five minutes. Canadian industry loses 115,000 customers a year and it gains 255,000 new ones "who know nothing of you or your product."—Financial Post.

## X-X OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE X-X

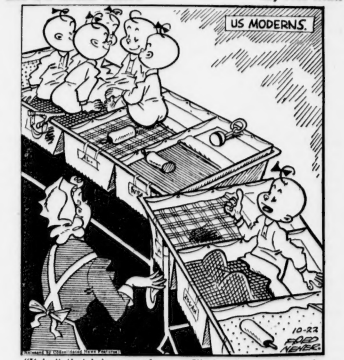
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18 French	8 Pictorial	25 Mammal	26 of Athens
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27 measure	17 Part of a church	34 Stainless	35 Phases
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## LIFE'S LIKE THAT

—By Fred Neher



"It isn't that he's so popular. . . It's just that he's the only one here."

## THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



QUOTE COPY

"A HORSE WILL PULL WITH ALL HIS MIGHT, BUT NEVER WITH HIS MASTER'S SADDLE, QUINCY, CALIF."

THE VOLCANO KILAUEA IN HAWAII

POUR FORTH MORE LAVA IN A SINGLE WEEK THAN HAS IN THE LAST 200 YEARS.

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## Canadians Have Had Excellent Basic Training

AN ALLIED FORCE COMMAND POST, North Africa.—Gen. Sir Harold Alexander, second in command of the British campaign, told Canadian war correspondents the Canadians have gone far and fast in the battle of Sicily.

At an informal reception held at his North African headquarters Gen. Alexander said "the Canadians are good and they will be jolly good." "Like the American 45th division they went into the battle untired and have done exceedingly well," the deputy commander-in-chief of the Allied forces added. "The Canadians are fine material. They have had very good basic training and they have learned from the experience. They have gone far and fast in this battle. They will be as good as any troops."

The famed commander of the 15th Army group compared the Canadians to a football team. "They have how much training a team has it doesn't reach its peak until it has had some first class matches," he said.

Then he explained why the Canadians had been put in the centre in Sicily, between the Americans and the British forces.

"Was it deliberate?" asked a correspondent.

"No," replied Gen. Alexander. "The reason was that like the American 45th division, they had come in big ships and had to be transferred to their landing craft in water deep enough to accommodate large ships."

"The Canadians will profit from experience. All troops need to have battle experience but the Canadian had the advantage of excellent basic training."

"No doubt if one went to the front one would find that they had made small tactical errors that experienced troops don't make but it is from such experiences they profit. The battle experience they are getting in Sicily will make the Canadians among the finest fighting troops there are."

## ALASKA HIGHWAY

Canadian And U.S. Governments Agree On Official Name

OTTAWA.—The Canadian and U.S. governments have agreed that the highway from Dawson Creek, B.C., to Fairbanks, Alaska, shall be given the official name, "Alaska highway."

The decision was reached by an exchange of notes dated July 19 and made public by the external affairs department.

Choice of an appropriate name for the road, being constructed by U.S. as a defence measure, has been a subject of controversy for several months. Only a few days ago the U.S. House of Commons heard complaints against the name "Alcan highway," which has been fairly widely used.

## DOUBLE QUANTITY

Canada Will Send More Frozen Fish To United Kingdom

OTTAWA.—Canada plans to send 9,000,000 pounds of frozen fish to the United Kingdom during 1943, more than double the quantity shipped in 1942, under arrangements with Britain announced last month by Fisheries Minister Bertrand.

(In London the Evening Standard said discussions are under way among authorities for shipment of large supplies of fish from Canada and Newfoundland to Britain.)

Of the total 1943 shipment from Canada, about 2,000,000 pounds will be Pacific coast fish. Supplies from the Atlantic provinces will include 5,000,000 pounds of cod filets, 1,000,000 pounds of pollock filets, and 1,000,000 pounds of haddock.

## BOYS FOR MINES

Younger People May Have To Be Employed In Britain

BLACKPOOL, Eng.—Ernest Bevin, Britain's labor minister, told the Mineworkers' Federation of Great Britain that younger people, perhaps between the ages of 16 and 18, may have to be employed in the coal mines to make good the deficiency of labor.

A few hours after Bevin stated the urgency in calling from 30,000 to 60,000 youths to the mines, the Federation's executive committee decided to send a delegation to inquire into the details of the plan.

The Duchess of Kent has become patron of the Royal Naval Film Corporation.

## WHEAT DELIVERIES

Quota Unmet Will Be Good In New Crop Year

OTTAWA.—Trade Minister MacKinnon told the House of Commons that western grain farmers who, through no fault of their own, are unable to take full advantage of their wheat delivery quotas before the end of the crop year, will be permitted to do so during the next crop year.

He was replying to a number of questions on difficulties being encountered in finding space for quota deliveries and cars for moving wheat eastward.

Gordon Ross (Lab., Moose Jaw) said the end of the crop year (July 31) is less than two weeks off. It was "obvious" some farmers would be prevented by lack of elevator space, from making the deliveries allotted to them for the current year.

He suggested that in such cases deliveries not accepted at the end of the crop year should be added to the quota for that particular farmer in the next crop year.

He was replying to a question arranged in the cases of those whose failure to fill deliveries were not their own fault.

The minister said there were now 13,000 railway cars loaded with wheat at Fort William and west, held up because of scarcity of manpower to unload them.

He was informed, Mr. MacKinnon added, that this problem was near solution. Arrangements were also being made to place cars at western elevators to relieve the congestion.

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Leave for harvest would be granted under the same condition as for seedling.

In addition, said the minister, for the last four days the army had been discussing further arrangements with the labor department's selective service officers. There were two proposals: Leave for additional men and use of army detachments.

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The army was also co-operating with the labor department in making the services of prisoners of war available for farm work. In some cases the army was taking responsibility for the security of prisoners placed on farms.

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2526

## Canadian Army Fit



OTTAWA.—An arrangement by which soldiers may be permitted to help farmers with the 1943 harvest has been approved. Defence Minister Halton told the House of Commons, answering a question from J. G. Dieffenbacher (Prog. Con., Lake Centre).

The minister expressed objection to suggestions that men in "the home defence army" be released for farm work.

"There is no such thing in Canada as a home defence army," said the minister. "There is the active army which has in it certain men who were called up for service in Canada and the territorial waters thereof."

There were also general service troops but they were serving together in the same units.

"These so-called home defence troops are part of the active army," he said. "They are serving on the coast, on the searchlights, on the anti-aircraft gun, in Newfoundland, in Labrador, in Alaska, in the Bahamas."

FOR FREE GERMANY  
Prisoners of War in Russia Are Starting Campaign

MOSCOW.—Formation of a committee composed of German prisoners of war and refugees to work for a "Free Germany" was announced in a pamphlet published here.

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## ALL ARE AGREED

Parties Pass Bill To Set Up Physical Fitness Council

OTTAWA.—The various parties in the House of Commons all endorsed and speedily passed a bill to set up a national council on physical fitness introduced by Pensions Minister MacKenzie.

During discussion of the physical fitness bill, Mr. MacKenzie said it was based on a recommendation of the social security committee. It provides for a grant of \$25,000 to the provinces on a 50-50 basis to encourage physical fitness undertakings. Each province would have a member of the council, with the national director the only paid official.

There would be co-operation among federal government departments, among the provinces, and with voluntary agencies and individuals carrying out physical fitness work. Enlistment figures had brought home the fact that the standard of physical fitness among Canadians was not as high as it should be.

Mr. MacKenzie said a special session was proposed for the training of physical fitness teachers, and it would be under the direction of provincial authorities.

He told Angus MacInnis (C.C.F., Vancouver East) that a rough division of the grant between provinces would be:

"Prince Edward Island, \$2,000; Nova Scotia, \$11,000; New Brunswick, \$5,000; Quebec, \$65,000; Ontario, \$74,000; Manitoba, \$14,000; Saskatchewan, \$18,000; Alberta, \$16,000; British Columbia, \$16,000. Payments would be based on population."

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## New Service For Fire Fighters Is Being Planned

OTTAWA.—War Minister LaFleche told the House of Commons consideration was being given to the possibility of finding some other service for the war-mobilized Canadian civilian fire-fighting corps overseas, now that bombing attacks on Britain have greatly lessened.

He said they were being permitted and encouraged to train for the armed forces.

Gen. LaFleche was answering questions in committee of the whole during consideration of his war appropriation estimates, which included \$75,000 for maintaining this force. They were a finely-trained and fit company, he said.

Members of this corps receive the same pay and pension benefits as members of the army.

The minister said a number of the corps were conscientious objectors. The corps was organized entirely on a volunteer basis.

Gen. LaFleche said the Canadians had been used in some of the most bombed places but the question of reduced need for their services was under consideration, with a view of finding whether or not they could be used more effectively elsewhere.

Members of the corps leave from their own brigades and he believed that their training and experience would fit them to become future air crew in their own communities. They came from 117 municipalities, representing every province in Canada.

Their origin was as follows: Nova Scotia, five; Prince Edward Island, three; New Brunswick, four; Quebec, 20; Ontario, 28; Manitoba, 27; Saskatchewan, 22; Alberta, 12; and British Columbia, 32.

POLICY IN SICILY  
People Will Not Be Allowed Political Activities At Front

LONDON.—Prime Minister Churchill assured the House of Commons the Allied military administration in Sicily would permit no political activities by Sicilians at present, but that the government hoped they would adopt democratic ideas of their own accord when delivered from the Fascists.

In answering questions, Mr. Churchill said both the U.S. and Britain were providing experts in civil administration to assist the military administration.

Foreign Secretary Eden told the house that the administration would not permit the formation of a collaborationist regime with the help of former Italian Fascists.

MAKING REVISION  
Some Changes Being Made In Regulations Covering Rentals

OTTAWA.—The Minister of R.C.C., administrator of rentals for the prices board, said the rentals regulations are being revised, but that he did not want to anticipate them by advance publicity.

Reports circulated in Ottawa that one of the changes likely to be made would reduce from one year to six months the notice to vacate which must be given to tenants. Evictions would be forbidden from October to April.

LEAVE BOMBED CITIES  
STOCKHOLM.—Berlin described to the Swedish press a despatch a great stream of Germans flowing through the German capital to places of greater safety farther east from the bomb-blasted cities of the west and northwest. Their ultimate destination was not stated.

HIGHEST REVENUE  
OTTAWA.—Canada railways earned \$65,338,054 in April—the greatest monthly revenue on record—against \$30,506,977 for the corresponding month of 1942, the Dominion bureau of statistics reported. Best previous month was last December, with revenue of \$65,383,113.

BACK IN ENGLAND  
SOMEWHERE IN ENGLAND.—Lt. Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton, commander of the Canadian army overseas, has returned to headquarters in London after a five-day visit to the Mediterranean theatre, including Sicily where he saw the activities of the 1st Division.

OTTAWA.—Air pre-arranged equipment valued at \$4,683,152 has been distributed in Ottawa. It was rented in a House of Commons return.

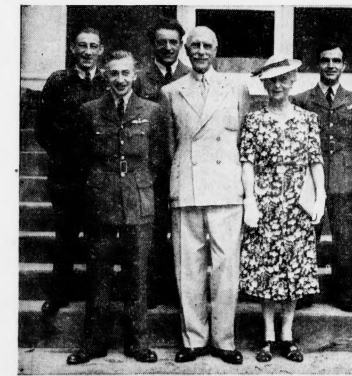
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## The Queen Inspects R.C.A.F.



The King and Queen paid a visit recently to an R.C.A.F. fighter station in the Midlands, England, commanded by Group Captain E. A. McNeil, D.F.C., of Saskatoon. Here Her Majesty is shown with Wing Commander Paul Davoud, D.F.C., of Kingston, Ont.

## Lancaster Crew Meet Their Excellencies



Their Excellencies, the Governor-General of Canada, and the Princess Alice were keenly interested in first-hand accounts of bombing attacks on Germany gained from the all-Canadian crew which flew to Canada to report to the assembly line at Malton, near Toronto. Veterans of the all-out attacks on Germany and Italy, the Lancaster crew of R.C.A.F. fliers have had upwards of 30 bombing raids to their credit. Shown here on the garden steps of Rideau Hall, Ottawa, were they were entertained by Their Excellencies, are: (First row, left to right): Pilot Officer Steve Bocar, Saskatoon; the Earl of Athlone and the Princess Alice; Squadron Leader R. J. Lane, D.O.C., D.F.C., of Victoria, B.C., leader of the Lanc. party. (Back row, left to right): Flight Sgt. R. K. Burger, Truro, Sask.; Sgt. M. Bazianis, Brandon, Man.; Pilot Officer J. Carriere, Cochrane, Ont.; and Sgt. R. S. Webb, Glenora, Sask. Squadron Leader Lane is a Halifax bomber captain, with 51 operational trips, including attacks on the Nazi battleships Gneisenau, Scharnhorst, von Tirpitz, and Prinz Eugen.

## TRIBUTE TO MY BOSS

Publisher of Weekly Paper Who Had A Large Heart

I cannot tell my name; and I cannot give my boss' name. I won't even dare reveal the name of the village—because of how of whom I am writing is extraordinarily shy about having his acts of kindness told. But every once-in-a-while he does something so big it just takes my heart away—and somehow I feel it is unfair that just I know it of.

So, I, as an employee, pay tribute to my boss—who is without exception the finest man I have ever had the fortune to work with.

Our little village has 5,000 inhabitants. Not big—not little—just large enough so that you know, or rather are familiar with, every man in town. One by one the tragedies of the war are striking our village. And each boy who is lost, is a personal loss to every family, because the town is that closely woven.

We have a lovely little lady here who has worked hard, very, very hard in war work. And one day in the midst of big arrangements, she collapsed with a heart attack. She is still very ill, and cannot have visitors. But she can read papers.

Last week one of our finest boys died a brave death overseas. The daughters of our little lady's family were terribly concerned about their mother. They stopped the radio at newscasting time, they carefully read any printed matter that might reach her bedside. And they knew that our paper would naturally carry a big story of the youth's death.

So, two of the daughters came into the office to make a plea. Their mother waits impatiently for each edition of the paper, but what could be done so that she doesn't read of the latest tragedy that had struck?

"Leave it to me," said the boss.

So, after the paper was printed, he went down to the press room, and broke up that entire front page. Wherever there was an article or any reference to the soldier, out came those slugs. And he substituted and worked and justified, until he had a nice, innocent front page.

Then he went to work on an inside page which contained reference to that story. Again he took out the story and substituted another.

And then he ran off this "special edition"—one copy—for the invalided lady. As though that wasn't enough, he is doing the same thing, again next week, for a follow-up story already in the making.

Sometimes I feel the rest of us do so little to make this a better world.

We know the name of this publisher isn't, in deference to the wishes of the employee who wrote this tribute to him, we shall not reveal his identity. We will, we must, we hereby accord him the recognition which we think he deserves. But since we cannot, we will at least enroll his name in our private and unofficial Hall of Fame wherein are engraved the names and deeds of many a modest, unassuming country editor who, unclaimed though he may be, is an honor to the profession he serves.

Let us hope that some day we will enroll his name in the country weekly an "institution" which holds a place that is unique in the hearts of the people of his community—Publishers' Auxiliary.

## Greenland Cryolite

Previous Mineral Is Of Considerable Importance To The War Effort

Greenland contributes an item of considerable importance to the conduct of the war. In the southern tip, just south of the Arctic Circle, there occurs the only existing commercial deposit of the mineral, cryolite. Rare-white in appearance, it is often called "ice stone" because it closely resembles glacial ice.

The enormous pit in Greenland from which the cryolite is obtained lies very close to one of the deep, narrow fjords so common in that region. Only a relatively thin wall of rock holds back the ocean waters.

Cryolite is essential in the manufacture of aluminum. Once mined as an ore of that metal, it is now used almost entirely as a flux in obtaining aluminum from the chief ore, bauxite. Canada has no aluminum ore but great electrical power is available and quantities of Greenland cryolite are now shipped to this country to be used in the manufacture of aluminum from South American bauxite.

The Royal Ontario Museum in Toronto has on display a group of Greenland minerals showing cryolite and other less important minerals associated with it.

Lightening flashes travel at a speed of approximately 29,000 miles a second.

## Drill Grounds Now Their Arenas



—Canadian Army Photo.

Former "big name" hockey players now in the Canadian Army are pictured at a Basic Training Centre in Ottawa as they absorbed the same kind of military instruction that every Canadian soldier must have. At top, Corporal Ken Chandler is showing Pte. Mac Colville, former New York Ranger, how the magazine of a Bren gun is adjusted. Surrounding them, left to right, are Ptes. Jim Henry, Les Douglas, Al Barnes, Neil Colville, Ken Reardon, Eddie Shewin, and Jack McGill. Second row, left to right, are Ptes. Jim Henry, Les Douglas, who played his pro hockey with Detroit Red Wings. At right, Pte. Ken Reardon, former Montreal Canadiens' defenseman in his last year of pro hockey, demonstrates that he is as handy with a bayoneted rifle as he was with big-check and hockey stick.

## Former Hockey Greats

Men Who Left Major Leagues to Join Ranks of Canadian Army. Show They Still Have "Will-To-Win"

Across the sun-drenched drill ground at the Canadian Army's Training Centre at Lansdowne Park, Ottawa, marched a platoon of brave soldiers, arms, swinging high, heads up, rifles at the slope. A drill sergeant's staccato bark sent them on a right wheel. Another order gave them "about turn" and they did it all over again. They were out for a session of platoon drill.

Up in front were several faces behind a healthy coating of tan. Faces more familiar to thousands of hockey fans who follow the fortunes of the National Hockey League, than they appeared shouldering a rifle, and outfitted in the dress of Canada's soldier.

Two years ago they were thrilling packed arenas in the top professional hockey league. Last winter they were members of Ottawa commandos, which team captured the Allan Cup, emblematic of the Canadian amateur title, although three of their team mates were called for overseas duty. Today they are pounding the sunbaked parade square preparing for the grimmest game of their lives. Tomorrow they may be in it—and they're going to be ready!

"They'll make real soldiers and will be a credit to the Canadian Army," commented Major A. R. MacNab, officer commanding the training centre, as he stood in the centre of the spacious park casting a sharp eye

at different platoons going up and down the parade ground.

There was a tone of pride and satisfaction to the O.C.'s comment, an apparent confidence borne in the favorable military record of these "big name" athletes. He was proud that all were displaying a rasped keenness in their training and satisfied that there was proof the cream of the athletic crop wasn't "just going along for the ride."

Major MacNab was speaking of fellows, like Neil Colville, anchor man, or in military parlance, "marker" for the platoon; Mac Colville, who with brother Neil, hailed from Edmonton, and starred for New York Rangers; "Sugar Jim" Henry of Winnipeg, also of Rangers; Ken Reardon, former Edmonton product and formerly bruising defenseman with Montreal Canadiens; Jack McGill, of Edmonton, who played with Boston Bruins; Les Douglas, of Perth, Ont., who finished the 1943 season with Detroit Red Wings; Eddie Shewin, of Winnipeg, number one of last winter's Ottawa Commandos; and Al Barnes, of Oshawa, also with the Allan Cup champions.

One member of opposing teams, they gave no quarter nor asked for any. They are continuing their military training on that theory but now all buddies on the same team.

"Get 'em up! . . . up!" barked a platoon drill instructor in stentorian voice as the platoon paraded past. The berks were like shot in the arm for they swung high at the command.

"Watch your dressing!" came another sharp warning and bronzed

recruits in shorts and sun helmets straightened their lines like veterans.

It was plainly evident they were eager to learn all about the army—about marching brain and brawn with the best of the Boche. Later in the day when instructions swung to the Bren gun the players and their platoon comrades were teasing questions regarding the highly-effective weapon before the instructor had time to assemble the rifle.

Opinions came from all sides as to how the magazine was applied, how many rounds it contained, and a myriad of questions about its general operation. It was the same when they were introduced to the art of bayonet fighting.

These former athletes, once the pampered, high-salaried stars of professional hockey, are among the first out of their bunks when the dawn order is given. They take their turns at kitchen duty with a hustle. They participate in football and other camp games. Some of them have been earmarked for a course at Officers' Training Centre. They should be successful on the basis of their early showing.

**THAT'S WHAT THEY THINK**

Two old men in northeast Scotland were heard discussing the marvelous victory of the prime minister. "Mind ye," said one, "he's nae chieftain. It's a wonder for a man o' his years to be stettin' a lot like wey he does. I canna see hoo he keeps his strength." "Ah, weel," was the explanation, "ye see, he never worried." ("Worried," in case you don't know, is "worked".)

## Shortage Being Felt

Cups And Glasses Are Becoming Scarce In South Africa

Reports from all sections of the Union of South Africa indicate that crockery and glass shortages are becoming serious, particularly for elbow benders.

Some Johannesburg hotels have already suspended "room-service" because they cannot spare the dishes. In Durban, one hotel is forced to serve beer in champagne glasses, while most of the other hotels in the Union are using jam tins or inviting customers to drink from the bottle.

In East London cups and saucers, even when they are cracked, are bringing high prices at auction sales. At one sale, cups without saucers, brought about \$6.85 a dozen and 384 cups were disposed of at this price. The record price for a single cup and saucer—and not a Wedgwood model, either—was \$11.10. For a tea-drinking cup these prices are a catastrophe.

In Pretoria a customer was served beer in a glass flower vase.

The answer is, of course, that the war has reduced shipping space for such "non-essentials" to such an extent that practically no glass or china articles are being imported. One Union glass factory is making half-pint beer mugs and these are the only replacements obtainable. Some plastics factories are making cups and saucers but the orders are coming in faster than they can meet them. Besides, government orders for military camps and hospitals have first priority. The manager of one large Durban hotel claimed that during the last six months 108,000 glasses had been broken, which has exhausted almost his entire stock.

## The First Settlers

Archaeologists Have Made Some Interesting Discoveries In Iraq

Eight thousand years before Hitler shook the world with his battle cry, the first human beings in Iraq pitched their tents beside camp fires at Tel Haseousa, southwest of Mosul, government archaeologists excavating in the area have discovered.

The first men to come into this ancient land were herdsmen and probably came from Anatolia and the Caucasus. This new discovery goes back several centuries before the earliest relics found in Egypt and forms a new link with the stone age settlement found at Merath, Turkey.

Thus alongside contributions to the Allied war effort, Iraq today places on record a signal contribution to the history of man. The project was worked on by University of Pennsylvania archaeologists until 1938.

Fred Safar of the Department of Antiquities came on the discovery when he found debris that established a human encampment and a profusion of animal bones—the majority of which were identified as goats. The first settlers were idol worshippers and left behind their goddess of fertility, a miniature image of a clay woman. Greivous and attractively decorated, said the vessels discovered created a new picture of the earliest phase of pottery art in Iraq. Several undamaged pieces were uncovered—the only ones for that period found complete anywhere in the world.

In March of this year, the British Empire air forces reached the high level of monthly bomb-swinging rate of 12,000 tons. They have wrecked more than 2,000 German war factories.

## GRANDMOTHER'S DAY

Value Of Vitamins Was Unknown But Meals Were Nutritious

Now and again these days, when there is so much emphasis being placed on proper nutrition for health and efficiency, the remark is made that the food of our forefathers was about such things, also that in grandmother's day families got along very well without all this knowledge of vitamins and minerals. Staff members of Nutrition Service has the following reply:

"Grandmother's wonderful meals managed to include quite a lot of minerals and vitamins though nobody knew they were there. Take breakfast, for instance. Grandmother didn't have the selection of refined, prepared cereals from which her granddaughter chooses. Chances are that she and the family started the day with a big dish of oatmeal with plenty of rich milk and cream. The day's main breakfast just didn't exist in grandmother's day—life was more leisurely then. Her bread was probably wheat and Graham flour corn meal or some other whole grain almost invariably popped up in muffins, Johnny cakes or buckwheat pancakes before the day was over."

"What about milk? Probably less milk was drunk in her home than would be today but rice, tapioca puddings, blanc manges, custard sauce with fresh berries appeared more often than they do nowadays."

"Grandmother probably included more than the amount of meat and eggs recommended in Canada's Official Food Rules—eight to twelve eggs frequently went into one cake!" "Larders" were more the order of the day and the invitation to "eat up" was generally accepted. What was lacking in variety was made up for in quantity. This applies particularly to vegetables and the quantities of potatoes, cabbage, carrots, turnips that were eaten certainly helped provide vitamins."

"Grandmother's meals undoubtedly scored 100 per cent. nutritionally adequate. There was no chance that they would score better than her granddaughter's but her menu in accordance with official food rules."

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

TALKING

Talk often, but never long: In that case, if you do not please, at least you are sure not to tire your hearers. —Lord Chesterfield.

A constant governance of our speech is necessary to duty and reason, is a high instance and a special argument of a thoroughly sincere and solid character. —Lord Chesterfield.

He that thinks he can never speak enough, may easily speak too much. —Quarles.

A great amount of time is consumed in talking nothing, doing nothing, and inaction as to what one should do. —Mary Baker Eddy.

There is a like playing on the harp: there is as much in laying the hands on the strings to stop their vibration as in twanging them to bring out their music. —Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Not only to say the right thing in the right place, but far more difficult, to have unaided the wrong thing at the tempting moment. —George Augustus Sala.

## JUST REVERSED

Another new page in Canadian farm history is being written by the Saskatchewan farmers who have come east to help with the Ontario harvest. This is the first time harvest help from the west has been brought east, reversing the trend of the 20's when thousands of harvesters went west every year.

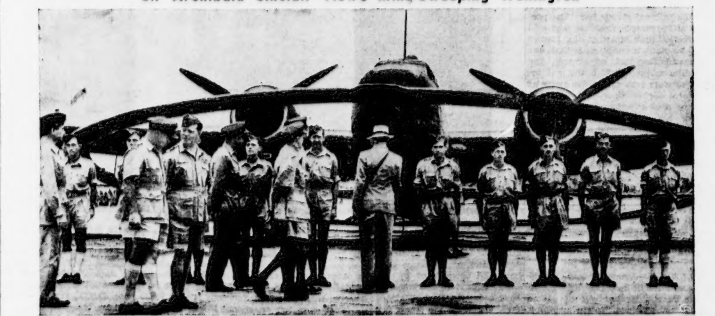
## NAZI USE POISON GAS

The Moscow radio said in a broadcast recorded by the Soviet monitor that a Soviet state commission investigating German atrocities had found that the Nazis had slain more than 4,000 persons by poison gas in Kransdorf.

Britain's historic role of asylum for the victims of political persecution is upheld today. It has resulted in more than one hundred industries new to Great Britain being established in the country since Hitler came to power.

250,000 men—the whole of an enemy army—were put out of action in the first North African campaign. Less than 2,000 casualties were suffered by the Army under General Wavell. 2526

## Sir Archibald Sinclair Views Mine-Sweeping Wellington



Here is the first close-up picture of the famous "wedding trip" Archibald Sinclair, secretary of state for air, talking to the personnel undergoing training, during his tour of the R.A.F. in the Middle East. The device was a secret for almost two years. In the (foreground) is Sir East.

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EASY TO TAKE!**



**WITH ROYAL YEAST  
IT'S EASY TO MAKE**

**ROYAL  
YEAST  
CAKES**

Only 2¢ a day  
ensures against  
baking failures!

WRAPPED AIRTIGHT FOR  
DEPENDABLE STRENGTH

## THE HUMAN COMEDY

Adapted from the Metro-  
Goldwyn-Mayer Picture  
by BEATRICE CAMMER

### CHAPTER ONE

Fleecy clouds floated over the town of Ithaca, California. Above them, hovered the spirit of Matthew Macaulay who, two years before had departed on the mysterious journey of death.

As the clouds parted Matthew could see his homeland, vineyards, orchards, the church, little houses, all in scattered fragments, like life itself. He noted his tiny five-year-old son Ulysses, staring at a spider which had crawled up the dirt on the backyard. There too was a sixteen-year-old Homer, living in a world of youth's creation, groping for the design of understanding, of faith and courage in life. Far off in an army camp was his eldest son Marcus, proud of the uniform he wore, tenderly writing home to the folks. At home under the lamping was his dear wife Katey, remembering in her thoughts, in the songs she sang, in the Bible chapter she read each night to the family.

It was this protective, gentle spirit that filled young Homer, this day, as he hurried to the telephone office after school. He had a job as a messenger boy. It had started yesterday. Now he was going to see a good and help support the family. It was a proud and awesome thought for a young fellow to have.

Tom Spangler, manager of the office watched him gravely as he tore in to report for duty. "Homer, how do you like being a messenger?" Homer's blue eyes snapped. "I think it's great Mr. Spangler. I want to see a lot of different people and go to different places."

Spangler nodded. This kid had stuff. Homer. Ambition. And the capacity to be hurt. He'd be a fine, grown-up citizen one day. "Yeah. You're starting out all right. But don't kill yourself. Get there swiftly but not too fast. Be polite to everybody. Take off your cap in the elevators. Above all, never lose a telegram. If there's anything you don't understand come to me."

Homer shifted from one foot to the other. Yes sir. But about these stinging telegrams . . . "Well, you've got a pretty good voice haven't you?"

Homer used to let me sing at the First Presbyterian Sunday School. "That's fine. Spangler patted him on the back. Over the desk. Willie Grogan, the grey haired telegrapher, winked approval to Spangler who went on heartily: "That's exactly the kind of voice we need for our stinging telegrams. Rich, full and kind. You see?"

He broke off. A young fellow, thin and shabby was shuffling in. He hastily handed Spangler a telegram, already written out. Spangler checked it and said: "That's a fine message to his mother, asking for enough money to get home on the boat. Well, I'll let me sing at the First Presbyterian Sunday School."

Spangler tapped it thoughtfully. "It'll be about one in the morning when you arrives. Do you want them to wake your mother up at that hour?"

The boy coughed painfully. His eyes were scared. "I thought I could get the money tonight maybe. Even if it's late."

After about ten seconds Spangler nodded. "I'll rush it right through. He brought out some paper bills. Here. Guess you've broke. You can pay me when your mother sends the money."

The boy gaped. Numbly he took the money. Then he mumbled his thanks and rushed. Spangler stared after him. He had a momentary cynicism. Tough world. There was this kid, far from home, hungry, sick. And up on the hill lived lovely Diana Steed whose parents were rolling in dough. It was the only thing he had against her life that was plenty. How could you know what made a girl think when she'd been living like an orchid all her life? He sighed. "Guess I need a drink. I'll be back at Corbett's Bar if you want me."

Homer smiled like a cherub. "Homer," Willie Grogan was beckoning. On his desk there was a beautiful chocolate cream pie. He cut a slice each for Homer and for himself. "Here my friend, he said heartily. "You've got good health."

"Yes sir. Your good health," Homer returned with a shy blush. "Homer, I'm glad to hear of their pie is so good."

"That's fine," Grogan beamed and gulped a bit of pie. "Every night in this office I shall count on you to help me perform my duties. A splash of cold water on the face. I do not respond when touched, this is followed by a splash of hot black coffee from Corbett's."

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ful of water in Grogan's face. Grogan began to revive. He was muttering. "That's right. Thank you boy," as Homer dashed out for the coffee.

A few minutes later, with the coffee inside him, Grogan was almost himself again as he took another telegram off the wire. When he had completed the job he swung around in his swivel chair. "You did that remarkably well son. I congratulate you."

Homer gestured at the message. "Yes sir. Thank you. Is that an important telegram?"

Grogan fingered it. "Business. The accounts of money. Most unimportant. But important for me to receive it. They've been trying to settle me for ten years now. He pounded the desk unexpectedly. "But I've worked all my life and I'm not going to stop now. I'd die if I did."

Homer stared in wonder. "Why shouldn't you go on working? If a fellow wants to work nobody should stop him."

"Hah!" Grogan mumbled. "I wish you'd explain that to the head office. Why I was the fastest telegrapher in the business and no mistakes either, mind you. Ah, sing me a song, boy. Frolic me from the murder of age and time. Protect me with your songs young Grogan here would die if he couldn't work."

It was very confusing. The world was full of good things and bad. The good things were human beings. But bad things happened to them. Then did that make the human beings bad?

### Used To Billions

Patron At Cafeteria Bar Had Trouble With Small Change

One recent afternoon a London correspondent of the Ottawa Journal had to attend the House of Commons. One of the discomforts of the Ottawa Journal was having to travel in a club known for a most polite and a bath but at the cafeteria bar shared by M.P.'s and journalists. But on this occasion a man of letters and his companions. Whilst the writer was munching his pie, there appeared an elderly plump little gentleman who looked like Mr. Pickwick in the flesh. He was manifestly in a desperate hurry, ordered a fish sandwich and a cup of coffee, got slightly mixed up over his change for half-a-crown, and proceeded to devour the sandwich at a rate which his family doctor would certainly not have approved.

"I've observed a stalwart Dominion trooper with a bit of a mustache," observed the writer. "He had struck acquaintance. 'Yes,' replied the writer. 'He's very young. 'Is he?' commented the overcautious warrior. 'I notice he was a bit flummoxed,' he myself said. 'The writer. 'He's more used to dealing with billions.' 'Gosh!' said the man from overseas. 'He's nothing cheap.' 'Yes,' replied the writer. 'He's the Chancellor of the Exchequer, once he got in a hurry. Have another coffee?'"

### A LOT OF MONEY

United States war expenditures which for the last three years have averaged about \$90,000,000 daily, are expected by the treasury department to reach the sum of \$26,000,000 for every day during the fiscal year which started July 1.

### TWO MILLION LEPERS

There are still more than 2,000,000 lepers in the British Empire, said Sir William Peel, chairman of the executive committee, at the annual meeting of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association.

### There Is No Shortage Of Beef In Canada

In contrast to what is happening in the United States, there is no shortage of beef in Canada, where ranchers have set a record in production so far in the year and have a 1941 goal of 1,200,000 head and a 30 per cent. increase for this year. (Above) you see a herd of beavers being driven through Picture Butte, Alta., a typical western Canadian cow town, to the feeding pen adjacent to the railroad cars. Canada will not only produce enough meat for her own consumption and for shipments to the United States this year, but will retain a "safety factor" of 183,44 head for emergency. Financial support to the ranchers by the government makes this progress possible.

### War Hero



FLT. SGT. GEO. CALVER WITH AIR MARSHAL BISHOP

Grandview, Manitoba, is proud of never lost consciousness at any time.

FLT. SGT. Geo. Calver as shown here with Air Marshal W. A. Bishop. In his first flight since he was wounded in a raid over Cologne. Equipped with artificial limbs, he is pictured on the de Havilland fold in Toronto, where he addressed the workers on Thursday, July 18th. (Photo by courtesy of the R.C.A.F.)

You couldn't talk to George for more than a few moments without being glad to know him. He's a healthy strong bodied man of 27, married, and says he's anxious to get back for another crack at certain European "this and that".

Flying in the Cologne raid with the crew of a big four-motored Halifax, they hit Cologne with everything they had, but on the way back and only 90 minutes from home, flak suddenly sliced right up through the plane and through the legs of FLT. SGT. Calver at his station in the tail.

One leg was blown off and the other badly injured. He crawled to the engine compartment to get a tourniquet on each of his legs then held them in position for an hour till the plane landed.

That was only a short few months ago and to see him now you'd hardly believe the story—especially that he

never lost consciousness at any time.

Taking matters philosophically about his loss, he says he asked the doctors at Christie St. hospital to make his legs four inches longer but then compromised with an extra inch only. He says that on the day after this accident he was given a parcel from his grandmother containing two pairs of socks. He doesn't worry about shortage of rubber for partners, he says, because in an emergency he can tack the socks to his legs!

It must have been an inspiration to the de Havilland workers, thousands of whom were allowed to see George and hear his words through the loud speaker system.

This plant which makes the de Havilland two-motored bomber, the Mosquito, among others, is now getting into stride on production and it is hoped will be of great aid to the cause in the numbers of planes they'll turn out to sting the Axis.

Our Western boys are doing great everywhere in the armed forces, our girls are found working in factories and in war divisions right across the country and "over there" it's just people like FLT. SGT. Calver that come into the limelight now and again who remind the rest of the world what the West is doing.

### Starts All Over Respected In Germany

Toronto Restaurant Proprietor Is Story About British Woman And

Believe in Berlin

One Toronto restaurant chain has been so hard hit by the shortage of labor that it is a common thing to see its president, Harry R. Himmann, clearing away trays of dirty dishes, waiting on the counter or drying dishes in the kitchen.

"I'm back where I started 35 years ago, picking up dishes," he explained, and added: "Not that I think myself above wiping dishes, mind you. It's a necessary job and I enjoy doing it."

Mounted mail-carriers gave Amsterdan a sort of pony express as early as 1400.

A British woman who was among those recently released from Germany in exchange for German civilians says that even now—and perhaps more especially since our victories in North Africa—the British are respected in Germany.

One day this woman was walking in Berlin with a Jewess who wore the regulation yellow star. They were stopped by a policeman who asked the British sharply why she was not also wearing the star. When she replied that she was British and therefore not subject to the regulation, he saluted and almost apologized. London Daily Sketch.

**WILSON'S  
FLY PADS**

3 Pads  
only  
10¢

THEY LIKE IT  
AND DIE

### Soldiers Write Song

British Soldiers in Palestine dedicate song to Prime Minister Churchill

By airgraph from Palestine, the B.E.C. has received a new song written by two British soldiers serving there, entitled "Cheerio, Mr. Churchill" and dedicated to the Prime Minister. The soldiers sent both words and music by airgraph.

The music is by Cpl. R. W. J. Bollen and the words by Sgt. H. E. Neal who wrote the Prime Minister to accept the song "as a token of respect from one of the lads who think you are great guns." The chorus goes:

Cheerio, Mr. Churchill, how's the bag of tricks at home? I'd love to see the village pump and round the new farm to round. I want to sit on the nest egg that you've promised I shall get. So chew away on your old cigar, we're not dead yet.

The song has been played on the B.E.C.'s Palestine service for the company.

### Toasted Meat Loaf

The toasted loaf pictured above is a real meat loaf, made of bread and left-over meat. It's a raton-vie way too, for a very little meat will go round if it is stretched by the addition of vegetables and gravy or sauce.

To make the bread case, remove the crusts from a loaf of bread and cut a slice 1/2 inch thick. Crumble the bread taken from the centre of the loaf, add left over ground meat and cooked vegetables if desired. Season well, moisten with left over gravy, white sauce, sauced tomatoes or tomato sauce and pack the mixture into the bread case. Bake in a moderate hot oven, 375°F. until the loaf is crisp and browned, about 35 minutes. Serve with brown gravy or tomato sauce.

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Relieves distress from MONTHLY  
**FEMALE  
WEAKNESS**

Lyns, R. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound not only cures monthly pain but also weak, nervous feelings in the morning. It restores the blood and builds up the system. It is a true blood purifier. Write for a free booklet. Address: "Lyns, R. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound," Boston, Mass.

**ITCH STOPPED**  
or Money Back

For quick relief from itching of nose, throat, eyes, skin, etc., use ITCH STOPPED. It is a powerful, safe, effective remedy. It is a true blood purifier. Write for a free booklet. Address: "Lyns, R. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound," Boston, Mass.

**START READING  
THE NEW SERIAL IN  
THIS ISSUE**

**"THE HUMAN  
COMEDY"**

Adapted From The Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture  
By BEATRICE CAMMER

A Beautiful, Exciting, Emotional Story.



**CANADA NEEDS  
FATS & BONES  
FOR HIGH EXPLOSIVES**

**HERE IS A DAY TO DAY  
WAR JOB FOR YOU!**

**SAVE  
ALL YOUR WASTE  
FATS  
AND  
BONES**

- 1 You can take your fat dripping, scrap fat and bones to your meat dealer. He will pay you the established price for the dripping and the scrap fat. If you wish, you can turn this money over to your local Voluntary Salvage Committee or Registered Local War Charity, or—
- 2 You can donate your fat dripping, scrap fat and bones to your local Voluntary Salvage Committee if they collect these in your community, or—
- 3 You can continue to place out your Fat and Bones for collection by your Street Cleaning Department where such a system is in operation.

Department of National War Services  
NATIONAL SALVAGE DIVISION

## THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at  
CARBON, ALBERTA  
Member Alberta Division Canadian  
Weekly Newspapers Association  
E. J. ROULEAU,  
Editor and Publisher

CENTRAL EGG  
GRADING STATION

Pays Calgary Prices For Eggs

on going to press  
This Week's Egg Prices are:  
A LARGE, per doz. .... 35c  
A MEDIUM, per doz. .... 34c  
GRADE B, per doz. .... 25c  
GRADE C, per doz. .... 22c  
CRACKS, per doz. .... 20c

## Men, 30, 40, 50!

West Normal Pop, Vin, Vigor?  
Try *Chas. Patton's* Tablets. Contains active, strong  
ingredients. No harmful side effects. No  
need to stop work. No need to stop  
eating. No need to stop drinking. No  
need to stop anything. Just take  
one tablet daily. (See *Chas. Patton's* Tablets.)

## GENERAL DRAYING—

## COAL HAULING

## CHAS. PATTON

## UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

REV. R. R. HINCHEY, minister

CARBON:

Preaching Service ..... 11:00 a.m.

Sunday School ..... 12:10 p.m.

BEISEKER:

Sunday School ..... 11:00 a.m.

Preaching Service ..... 3:00 p.m.

IRIDICAN:

Preaching Service ..... 7:30 p.m.

ALL ARE WELCOME

## THE BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH

IN CARBON

Sunday School ..... 10:00 a.m.

Morning Service ..... 11:00 a.m.

Evening Service ..... 7:30 p.m.

OUR INVITATION: Psalm 95:6

O come, let us worship and bow down:

let us kneel before the Lord our Maker

REV. E. RIEMER, pastor

## THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND

IN CARBON

Parish of Christ Church Carbon

The Rev. T. B. Chapman, R.I.

INCUMBENT

Organist: Mr. H.M. Isaac

S. S. Supt. Mrs. E. Talbot

12:15 p.m. .... Sunday School

"Just before poor old Barney died

he said his wife promise she would

not marry again."

"Poor old chap! He was always so

thoughtful of his fellow-men."

A WEEKLY EDITOR  
LOOKS AT  
OttawaWritten specially  
for the weekly newspaper of Canada

By JIM GREENBLAT

Questioned in the House why the discount on Canadian funds as against U.S. dollars, finance minister Iltis stated that stability is much more important at the present time. Any change in final exchange rates, he declared, would cause a vast amount of dislocation; some would benefit, others wouldn't. There would be no national gain by reducing the spread now. For instance if the west export of grain to the U.S. they would suffer by reason of the changing rates set. It was pointed out that to reach out the exchange rate while competing with countries whose currency is depreciated below ours would be a disadvantage to us.

West Coast members like Mr. A.W. Neil, have been particularly anxious for the government to say what will be done with the Japanese nationals here the war. There are, roughly 9,000, a third still subjects of Japan; another third naturalized; remainder born in Canada. Mr. King said the policy must depend upon the times and the situation prevailing to be, maybe, related and co-ordinated with the same problem facing the United States.

Home front quickies: Owing to the current supply of allied materials such as alfalfa, red clover, alfalfa from 1943 Canadian crop are badly needed. Farmers should be urged to save as much as possible, sell at the ceiling through usual channels. . . . formerly only Governor Bennett's U.S.A. for the first time, we now have delivered, Made-in-Canada, 50 special operating tables for use on naval vessels, a million dental bars for drilling teeth. . . . total value of contracts and commitments on Canadian and United Kingdom accounts by Munitions and Supply neared nine billion dollar mark at the end of June. Don't kid yourself, Canada is pulling its load.

You asked about bicycles. I'm told present intention not to increase number manufactured. No change in number of models till end of war. We have developed a wartime model, except to be able to continue the harvest essential for cheap transportation", is the statement.

To indicate increased demand on Canadian supplies now, the Standards section informs us that sales of women's clothing increased by 88 per cent during the first three months of 1943 as against the same period in 1939.

No increase in butter ration, officials say. Your little meatline pot works for victory. Increased stocks not abnormal, but consumption higher. Every time a coupon comes due, they have to provide for 5,700,000 lb. weekly. To build up reserve stocks for winter, as production lags, they need at least 70 million pounds.

Because Ontario and Quebec depend almost entirely on the U.S. for coal, a new order comes to prevent a serious

## Follows Father as C.P.R. Vice-President

Eric A. Leslie (left), newly appointed vice-president and controller of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, is carrying on the tradition of his father, John Leslie (right), who was vice-president and controller of the company from 1926 until 1928 at which time he became vice-president of finance and treasurer, a position he retained until 1932 when he retired after more than half a century of railway work. The new vice-president

and controller is 48 years old and has been associated with the company for 30 years. His record of broken by attendance at McGill University on a Canadian Pacific scholarship and three years overseas as a lieutenant with the Canadian Artillery. He won two medals as a student—the Governor General's Silver Medal at Montreal High School and the British Association Medal in transportation at McGill. He is a member of the Faculty of Applied Sciences.

ious shortage next winter. Consumers to get 75 per cent of their last year's requirements of hard coal must agree to take one-quarter of his proved need of the softer coals. It will be necessary to file a government form with your dealer, if you want coal its up to you.

Here's news. Pacific coast salmon, a favourite food, will likely be lower in price than otherwise, and if the run in good supplies will be available for Canadian tables. Prices Board, fishermen and department have come to an agreement. Previous order setting maximums and price to fishermen revoked.

You might be interested, housewives. The other day at the Prices Board information brunch I had a look at the new ration book you will be getting between August 23-28. Twelve million are being printed, and will weigh 270 tons, enough to fill nine box cars. Color changes in the ration book: grey cover, green for tea and coffee, red for sugar, purple for butter, brown for meat, and a spare series. By the way, your August and September coupon coupons are usable now, merchants being authorized to honour them ahead of date.

The Auber was a student of people as well as animals. One day a friend saw him rub raw meat over a rabbit in a picture he had just finished. "What's the idea?" asked a friend. "Mrs. Blank is coming to see this painting today, and she will bring her pet poodle," was the reply.

Mrs. Blank came. Her poodle smelled the meat and got excited. Mrs. Blank thought it must be a great picture to excite even a dog; so she bought it—at the artist's price.

## BUY WAR SAVING CERTIFICATES

THE WORLD OF WHEAT  
REVIEWED WEEKLY BY  
MAJOR H.C.L. STRANGE

## HARVEST HELP FOR FARMERS

I have just returned from a long trip to the various provinces of Eastern Canada, looking, among other things, into the needs of Eastern farmers for prairie grain.

The late spring and the heavy rains delayed seedings in the Eastern provinces; indeed considerable acreage has not been seeded at all. There will be heavy demands this coming fall and winter for Western grain, particularly for oats and barley.

It would be a patriotic duty for the West to try to harvest every single acre sown to crops, to save every bushel of grain. But labour is now

very short both in the East and in the West. It would be of invaluable help to our farmers, and to the war effort of Canada and the United Nations, therefore, if the residents of towns, villages and hamlets in the prairie provinces would take some time off this coming harvest season and make their services available to our prairie farmers to help to gather in safely this most important coming crop. This would enable our Eastern farmers to produce more precious bacon and other food products that could be shipped to Britain and to the Armed Forces Overseas, which products are certainly badly needed for the coming important military operations.

The Scot ordered a drink of 30-year-old whisky! Upon being served a very small glass, he opined "It's wee for its age!"

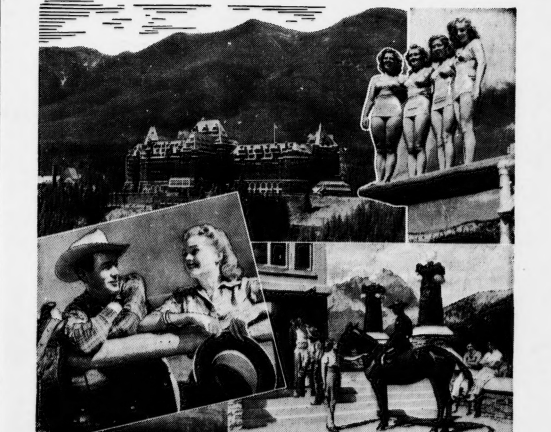
BUY IN CARBON  
RAWLEIGH PRODUCTS

I have taken over the Carbon Territory for the distribution of RAWLEIGH PRODUCTS, and expect to make the rounds of the district every MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY. QUALITY GOODS REASONABLY PRICED.

GEO. W. GOODMAN

FOR  
QUALITY PRINTING  
AT A REASONABLE PRICE  
CONSULT  
The Carbon Chronicle

## Holidays at Banff in the Canadian Rockies



Happy, carefree expeditions into the Canadian Rockies, comfortably far from the routine of civilization, are among the many health-giving amusements available to visitors at the Banff-Springs Hotel, at Banff, Alberta, this season. These expeditions can be made on horseback with the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies, or on foot with the Trail Hikers. Both organizations are based in the Banff-Springs Hotel, where riding, hiking, golf, tennis and swimming are but a few of the vigorous activities which contribute to the success of a mountain holiday.

Physical fitness must be among the first personal rules of every citizen of the Allied countries in these days when the stress and strain of war makes exceptional demands on everyone. Holidays this year are being planned with increased fitness in view, and this is particularly true of Canadians, and visitors from the United States, who are including Banff in their holiday itineraries. The Canadian Pacific Railway, in keeping with this spirit, has arranged extremely low American Plan rates on its weekly or monthly basis, and these cover a really

magnificent holiday and provide a complete escape from the stress of gas, oil, and rubber. There is no joy greater than riding a sure-footed mountain pony along far-fung scenic trails, or in hiking above the clouds along what is literally the sky line. The Banff-Springs Hotel golf course is internationally famous and lastly so and is a continual challenge to experts and amateurs alike. There is much to do at Banff and a splendid holiday in the doing.